#### THE

# Great Salvation

## Offered and Tendered,

First, by Christ himself, and then by his Holy Apostles, with the inevitable Destruction of all that neglect it.

In two Sermons, Reprinted.

By that eminent Servant of Christ, Mr. Andrew Gray, formerly Minister of the Gospel in Glasgow.

lsaiah 52, 7. How beautiful upon the mountains are the feet of him that bringeth good tidings, that publisheth peace, that bringeth good tidings of good, that publisheth Salvation.

London, Printed for H. Barnard in the Poultrey. 1694.



### TOTHE

# READER.

Christian Reader,

B Lessed were those days, when Christians, whether frown'd or smil'd upon by the World, lived by Faith, and walked in Holiness and Love; and Ministers sought the things of their Lord and Master, Jesus Christ, and not their own: When Gospel-Truth was plainly declared by the Preachers, and Reverendly received, and not wantonly debated by Hearers; When Gospel Ordinances were prised and used for the Enjoyment of God in them; When Jesus Christ was all in all in Mens Religion: And when the Holy Ghoss went

forth sensibly in Calling, Furnishing, and Countenancing Ministers in their Work. A great measure of this Blessedness did the Western Parts of Scotland Enjoy, especially from the Year 1651 to 1660. Amongst the many bright and shining Stars in Christs Right Hand, which he Set upon bis Candlesticks, in that part of Brittain, two Youths deserve everlasting Remembrance in the Church, Mr. Hugh Binning, and Mr. Andrew Gray. The former Lived but to the twenty sixth year of his Age; of whose Labours, though several excellent things are Published, his Discourses of Some of the Principles of Christian Religion, deserve Special Regard. They have been often Printed, and their Depth, Gravity and Excellency deferves a larger Commendation than I can give them.

Mr. Andrew Gray, his Contemporary, dyed in the twenty second year of his Age. He was Born of a Noble Family, bred up at the University, where he prosited singularly in Learning, and Polished the excellent Parts God had given him. The Saving

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Saving Grace of God reacht him about the nineteenth year of his Age, and at twenty he was called and setted in the Ministry of the Gospel at Glasgow (a bright Candlestick in that day) with Mr. James Durham, and Mr. John Carstairs, Ministers of the New Testament, of fingular Worth. After two years painful and successful Labours there, the Lord called him to his Rest. His singular Gifts for Preaching, his charming way of Delivery both in Voice and Action, the power he was endowed with, and the great success on Mens Hearts, that commonly attended his Labours, were so Eminent, that he was followed by Multitudes wherever he Preached, more than any other Minister in that Land in his Day, and became the bleffed Instrument of the Converting of many to the Faith of Christ.

What is Printed of his Sermons, was principally by the Notes taken by some of his Hearers, sometimes compared with what he Wrote himself, which render them but lean Sceletons of the Discourses of a Minister under such singular Influ-

enses

ences and Assistance of the Holy Ghost, as he usually was, in his Work. It is well known what Imperfections attend such posthumous writings, and what allowances judicious persons read them with. How these two came forth alone, thou shalt know.

A worthy Christian in Lancashire being much taken with Mr. Gray's Sermons, be defign'd to reprint these two, concerning The Great Salvation, and to give some hundreds of them to his poor Neighbours, for their Souls good. This Gentleman finding that the first Publishers of them were two Ministers in Edinburgh, one of them being my bonoured Father, and I also bearing his Name, he did not know but that I was one of the persons that first fent them to the Press; and therefore he defired me to Preface to them. I told him his mistake, and that I being very young when Mr. Gray dyed, could Testify no more of my own Knowledg, but that I had feen him in my Fathers Hruse and Pulpit, and that I do well remember the high Characte be had from all the godly

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ly Ministers and Christians that knew him, and that his Death was lamented bitterly, as a publick Calamity, and a Prognostick of evil to come. Although another might be more fit than I to Commend them to the Publick; and if it had been put to my cheice, I might have pitched on something else of this Author, or of another, for that Charitable end, driven at, yet seeing every one is to be left to their own Liberty in good works of this nature, I would neither divert his design, nor deny his request.

These two Sermons, now again published, contain no matters or point of Controversy, (except the main things of the Gospel, be so accounted in this Age, wherein angry contention is more minded by many, than solid Believing and Holy walking) They hold forth the greatest of Truths, and best of Tidings (The great Salvation wrought out compleatly by the Son of God our Saviour.) They warn gravely of the greatest, commences and most Damning of all Sins (the neglecting thereof.) They earnestly call to the most impor-

important of all Gospel-Duties (the believed ing acceptance of this Saviour with his great Salvation.) May some of the same Power from on High, accompany thy Reading of them, that did attend the Preaching of them, is the desire of

Thy Servant in the Gospel,

Ro. Trail.

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# SERMON

Concerning the

## GREAT SALVATION.

Heb. 2. 3. How shall we escape if we neglect so great salvation, which at the first began to be spoken by the Lord, and was consirmed unto us by them that heard him?

His everlasting Gospel which is preached unto you, is that glorious Star, which must lead us to the place where blessed Christ doth lye. This Gospel and glad tidings of the great salvation, is come near unto you: And Christ is standing at the everlasting doors of your hearts, desiring that ye would open unto him. There is that one great request, which Heaven this day hath to present unto you, and it is, that ye would at last embrace this great salvation

Salvation freely offered by him. It is the thing for which ye are called to mourn this day, that fince the dayes of your fathers, and fince the beginning of your own dayes, we have stopped your ears from the sweet and chaunting voice of this blessed Chamber. Te would never dance to Christ when he piped: Neither

would ye weep to him when he lamented.

But to come to the words which we have read unto you: The Apostle (in the former Chapter) had been discoursing most Divinely of the matchless and incomparable excellencies which are in our Lord Jesus: And in the first verse of this second Chapter, he draweth forth an Exhortation from his former Doctine, which in short is this, That they would take heed to the Blessed Doctrine of the Gospel, and not at any time to let it slip out of their minds; and that they would keep this Gospel as a jewel of great price, and would not sell it, but that they would be induced to buy it. And this Exhortation he presseth by two Arguments.

The first Argument is in the second verse, where he saith, If the word spoken by Angels was stedfast, and every transgression and disobedience received a just recompence of reward, soc. This is, if the transgression of the Law which was delivered but by the Ministry of Angels, and every disobedience to it was so severely punished; let that provoke you to take heed that ye transgress not the precious Gospel

which was spoken by the Lord himself.

The second Argument is in the words which we have read unto you, and it is taken from the certain and infallible stroak of the justice of God, which shall come upon those who slight this great salvation; it is impossible (saith he) that there can be a City of resuge for those who slight this great salvation.

Now in the words which we have read, there are

these fix things to be considered.

I. First, That is an evil incident to the hearers of this precious Gospel and greatsalvation, to slight and undervalue it: This is clearly presupposed in the words; otherwise there had been no ground or access for the Apostle to threaten so terrible things

against the slighters of it.

II. The second thing to be considered in the words, is, that the stroak and ruine of those who slight this great salvation, is certain and insallable, it will surely come upon them; this is clear from those words, How shall we escape? As if he had said, there is no imaginable way for us to escape, if we neglect (this) so great salvation; we may have a City of resuge when we are pursued by the Law, or when we are pursued other ways by the justice of God; but is once we slight this great salvation, there remaineth no city of resuge (no door of escape lest open) unto us; for where will the person siee that slighted this great salvation!

III. There is this third thing whereof we shall take notice from the words, that the stroak of the justice of God cometh justly upon them who slight this great salvation; and truly it is a most equal and reasonable stroak; which is also clear from the words, How shall we escape if we neglett so great salvation? where he puts it home to their consciences, as if he had said, think ye not that it is just and righteous that (if ye slight the great salvation) there should not be a door of escape left open unto you: He putteth the question home to their conscience to an-

fwer, yea, or no.

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IV. The fourth thing to be confidered in the words, is this, that the flighting this great falvation is a fin that hath many aggravations which attend

and wait upon it. And it hath two great aggravations from the words which I have read; the first great aggravation in that word of the Text, graet falvation; as if he had said, if it were not a great salvation, you might have some cloak or excuse for your slighting of it; but seeing it is such a great and external salvation, there is now no cloak lest for your sin. The second aggravation is from the certainty of this salvation, in these words, which at first began to be spoken by the Lord, and confirmed unto us by those that heard him, viz. His Aposses; whereby he telleth them this great salvation is no notion nor fancy; but a most certain, sure and real salvation, which yet they slight.

V. The fifth thing whereof we shall take notice from the words, is this, That there are no persons (be whom they will, Minister or people) who slight this great salvation, that shall have a door of escape. Hence it is that the Apostle putteth himself among the rest, saying, How shall we escape if we negled so great salvation? that is, How shall I Paul escape if I neglet so great salvation, and so frustrate the grace

of God !

VI. Sixthly we would take notice of this from, the words, That not only heart-dispising of this great salvation, but even also the very neglecting of it hath a certain infallible and unspeakable ruine attending

upon ir.

Now before we begin to speak to any of these fix things, (which we have observed from these words) there are these two things whereunto we shall speak a little for clearing of the words; first, what is meant here by great salvation: Secondly, how it is said that Christ was the first preacher of it.

First, we conceive that by the great salvation is understood the Gospel, as is clear, Ephes. 1. 23. where

where it is called the Gospel of our falvation; and Alls 13. 26. it is called the word of this salvation; so that by the words of this salvation is understood the Gosgel, and those precious offers which are contained in it. And we conceive it may be called a great salva-

tion, in these eight respects.

I. First, it is called the great salvation in respect of the price which was laid down for it; there being no less price laid down to purchase this great salvation, than the blood of the Son of God. From whence then doth salvation flow unto you? it comes running to you in a stream of the blood of the Son of God; this is clear, Heb. 9. 12. Neither by the blood of Goats and Calves, but by his own blood he entered in once into the holy place, having obtained eter-

nal redemption for us.

II. Secondly, it is called a great falvation in respect of the many difficulties and oppositions which lie in the way of bringing it about. What great impediments (suppose ye) lay in Christs way before he could accomplish and bring about this great salvation? Was not the Justice of God to be farisfied? was he not to dye, and to be made like unto one of us? washe not to lie in the grave? and was he nor to bear the torments of hell before this great salvation could be accomplished and brought to pass? there were such impediments in the way of bringing about this great salvation, that if all the Angels in heaven had been fet to work, they had been all crushed under it; had it been but that one great impediment to satisfie the justice, and pacifie the wrath of God, even that was a pass, through which none could go but the eternal Son of God. It was so guarded, that none-duift to adventure to enter it (much less could any win through it) fave he onely who was mighty to fave.

III. Thirdly, it is called a great salvation in respect of that high estimation which the Saints have of it. O what an high estimation have the Saints of this Gospel salvation! there is no mercy which they think comparable to this; all other mercies are but little Zoars in comparation of this great mercy and

Gospel salvation.

IV. Fourthly, it is called a great salvation in respect of those noble effects which this falvation bringeth about and produceth. Some of the great effects of the Gospel, David hath cleared, Psa. 19. 7. 8,9, 10. Is not this a great effect (of this Gospel salvation) to bring us out of nature into an estate of grace? And that is an effect of this great falvation. Is not this a great effect to make us who were enemies, become friends? And that is an effect of this great falvarion. Is not this a great effect to make us who were moving in the way to hell, move in the way to heaven? And that is an effect of this great falvation. Is not this a great effect to make us who were far off, to be now made near? And yet that is an effect of this great salvation. And is not this a great effect to make us who were darkness become light in the Lord? And that is the great effect of this Gofpel-falvation. Yea, I may fay, time would fail me to tell of all the great effects of this great falvation. But O will ye come and see, and that will best refolve the question unto you, what the noble effects of this great falvation are.

V. Fitthly, it is called a great falvation in respect of the great advantages which do redound to the person who embraceth is. First, is not heaven a noble advantage? and that is the gain which attendeth the embracers of this great salvation. Secondly, Is not Jesus Christ a notable advantage? And yet he is the advantage which attendeth the embracers of

this

this great falvation. 3dly, is not eternal communion with God a noble advantage? and that advantage attendeth the embracers of this great salvation. 4thly. is not eternal liberation from the body of death a great advantage? and that attendeth the embracers of this great salvation. Fifthly, is not sternal finging in the enjoyment of God a great advantage? and that arrendeth the embracers of this falvation. Sixthly, is not eternal feeing of God as he is, a great and noble advantage? And yet this (as all the former) attendeth the embracers of this great falvation. Yea, would ve be rich? O then embrace this great falvation. Would ye be honourable? Come and embrace this great falvation. Would ye be eternally happy? O then come and partake of this great falvation.

VI. Sixthly, it is called a great salvation in respect of all other salvations that ever were accomplished. There was never a salvation or victory obtained by any General or Captain (unto a Land or people) that could have the name or great salvation in com-

parison of this.

VII. Seventhly, it is called a great falvation in respect of the authority of it; we have spoken of the greatness (as to the meritorious cause) of it, and how great things it doth effectuate; and also in respect of the authority of it, it is a great salvation. Would you know who is the Author of this great salvation? it is Christ. Hebr. 5. 9. He became the Author of eternal salvation to all them that obey him. And must not this salvation be surable to him who is the Author of it? this is one of the most noble and irradiant beams of the Majesty of the Son of God the Mediator, that he is the Author of this great salvation.

VII. Eighthly, it is called a great falvation in refpect of the continuance and duration of it. It is not a falvation which is but for a day; but it is an eternal falvation, Hebr. 9, 12. He obtained eternal Re-

demption for us.

Now the second thing whereunto we shall speak for clearing of the words, is this, viz. How it is said that Christ was the first preacher of this eternal salvation. We do not think that the words are thus to be understood, that the Gospel and this great salvation was never preached before Christ came in the sless; but we think the meaning of the words may

be one of these three: if not all of them.

I. First, That all the preaching of this great salvation under the Law, did come very far short in the point of sulness, in comparison of Christs preaching of it; therefore is Christ said to be the first preacher of this great salvation; as if he had said, I know Adam he preached of this great salvation; and Enoch he preached of this great salvation; and the twelve Patriarchs they preached of this great salvation; and all the Prophets who went before Christ, and are now in heaven, they preached of this great salvation; but all their preaching deserved not the name of preaching in comparison of Christs; for never man spake as he spake. Thus Christ was the sirft great preacher of this great salvation.

II. Secondly, This may be the meaning of it, that Christ was the first preacher of this great salvation in respect of his clear way of preaching of it; for he was the first preacher of it without types and shadows; he was the first preacher of it clearly and fully, with so much demonstration and power of

the Spirit.

III. Thirdly, The meaning of this (that Christ was the first preacher of this great salvation) may relate

relate to his appearing to Adam in Paradise when he became the first and great preacher of this salvation, when he did speak that word unto him, The seed of the moman shall tread down the head of the Serpent. The first glorious preaching of this great salvation was when Christ preached to Adam in Paradise. And that was the first and glorious morning of this blessed Gospel.

Now we shall speak a little to the first of these fix things which we have observed from these words:

viz.

That there are many within the visible Church who are neglecters and flighters of this great falvation; (do ye not all take with it?) it is clear, Marth. 23towards the close; and chap.22.5. where those perfons being invited to come to the marriage, or feaft of the Gospel, it is said of them they made light of it; which are the same words in our Text: And Luke 14.18. when they were invited to come, it is faid, They all with one consent began to make their excuse; and Ifa. 28.2. This is the rest wherewith ye shall make the weary to rest, this is the refreshing; yet they will not hear. Now is there a person here, who dare deny this charge, that he is a flighter of this great falvation? I confess I am afraid that you will not take with it; therefore I shall propose eight forts of perfons who are flighters of this great falvation, and I charge you as you will answer to God one day, that you fearch your hearts, whether you be among the number (in the catalogue) of the flighters of this great falvation.

I. The first fort of persons who are slighters of this great salvation, are those persons who go about to establish their own righteousness, and will not submit to the righteousness of Christ; (in a word) it is that fort of persons who think they may win to

heaven by a Covenant of Works, and will not take the Gospels way of travelling to heaven in the Covenant of Grace. And surely there is not a person here who hath not that cursed inclination to be as little obliged to Christ (for his salvation) as he can; we would go to heaven without the way, which is Christ. And (believe me) there are many in this Congregation who go thus about to establish their own righteousness. And I shall propose fix forts of persons who fall under this first rank.

r. The first fore are those who trust on their own civility, and think that will carry them to heaven; those are the persons who go about to establish their own rightcousses. Say they, I defie the world to say thing to me, I was overmore an honest man and I trust therefore that I shall go to heaven; but I say to thee, O Atheist that thou are) thou shalt never win to he even by those means, till thou come to Christ with this. All my righteousness is like filthy rags.

2. The fecont fore are those who build their confidence upon their denial of their good Works, but yet come never this length to make use of Jesus Christ.

3. The third fort are those who build their confidence upon their duties; they think they will come to heaven by their good prayers, by their reading, and by their faiting, (like unto that Pharisee, Luke 18: 11.) I thank God I am not like other men; for I fast twice in the week, I pay tithes of all that I possesses but I say unto thee, thy duties will never bring thee to heaven if Christ be not the end of all thy duties, nor can you perform a duty without him

4. The fourth forc of Persons who fall under this first rank of slighters of the great salvation, are shole who trust on their convictions; if they have once been convinced of their sin and miserable estate,

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they think there is no more to do, Christ will never reject them, so they fit down and build their hope

upon those convictions.

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5. The fifth fort of persons are those who build their considence upon their resolutions; say they, oftentimes I have resolved to be a better man than I am, therefore I think (which is the seasoul delusion of many) that God will accept the will for the deed; but it had been good for many such a word had not been in the Bible; or that their cursed eyes had never read it. But know this that though thou hadst as strong resolutions as Peter, or as good wishes as Balaams had, if thou never labour to bring them to practice, God shall say to thee, Depart from me, I know you not: Any of you who build upon your resolutions, you will build upon a sandy soundation, these being many times a goodness but like the morning dew,

6. And the fixth fort of persons who fall under this first rank of slighters of the great salvation (and wherein the evil is most subril) are those who build their falvation upon their graces; these also go about to establish their own righteousnes; but I fay to such, Their graces cannot be the foundation of their hope, though they may be as evidences to firengthen their hope. Now are there none here who fall under this first rank of flighters of the great falvarion? or are there none here who will confess that they have gone about to establish their own righteoutness? I say to thee who wilt confess, put a rope about thy neck, and come to Christ; for he is a merciful King: I say to thre, Come to Christ with this, All my righteousness is like filiby rags; and if thou wilt come with this in fincerity, he shall say, Bring forth the white robe and jut upon him. If thou canst be brought to speak that in sincerity to Christ,

there shall be no more betwixt Christ and thee, but

Come and cloath him with the whole robe.

II. Secondly, Those persons slight the great salvation, who delay their taking hold of the precious offers of the Gospel: for there are many (when we preach this Gospel, and when we hold out the great falvation to them) who fay, I will follow Christ, but I must first go home and bury my father; (and so they delay to take hold of this great falvation) But Ifay to you (whoever you be) that thus delay to take hold on this great falvation, you are the flighters of it. Is there a person within these doors who dare but acknowledge that he hath flighted this great falvation, and delayed to embrace it? O tell me what do your consciences speak! Are there any but they most acknowledge they come under this second rank? And I say, to you who have thus delayed, will you yet embrace it? I say even unto you who are old men (now past fixty years, and have slighted this great falvation to long) yet this day this great falvation is offered unto you: What fay you to it? O what do you say to this offer? Are ye saying, I must now delay (and not receive this great salvation) till my Harvest be by and over ? I say unto thee, that the Harvest of the wrath of God is ripe, and he shall put in his fickle, and cut thee down. I will fay no more to those who thus slight this great salvation, but this, Why hand ye all the day in the Market place idle, and doing nothing. O will you at last be induced to take and embrace this great falvation before it be hid from your eyes.

III. Thirdly, Those persons are the slighters of this great salvation, who complement with Christ when they are invited to come and partake of it: And say silently (to the Minister, or rather to their own consciences) I pray you have me excused at this time;

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as those, Luke 14. 18. But I would only ask of such, Have you any lawful excuse why you will not come and partake of this great salvation? is there any person here that hath any lawful excuse to present? I shall never take that off your hand, Have me excused. But be sure of this, I shall never excuse you, but accuse you; therefore I desire that those persons who have slighted the great salvation, by complementing with Christ, that they would complement no more with him at all, but now embrace it.

IV. The fourth fort of persons who slight this great falvation, are thele who give way to discouragements and unbelief, so that they will not come and partake of this great salvation: I say, such of you are flighters of it, and Christ will esteem you fuch. Oh if ye knew the worth and vertue of this great falvation, there would not be a temptation (you could meet with) that would hinder you from embracing it, but if thou couldft not answer these temptations, thou wouldst not own them. I say unto fuch undervaluers and flighters of the great salvation as discouraged persons. (And those who stay long in the place of the breaking forth of children) that when you cannot answer your objections, which hinder you from closing with Christ, I entreat you disown them, as if ye heard them not: Say ye, Think ye this lawful? I say it is both lawful and expedient, for it was the practice of believing Abraham; He considered not his own body being dry as an old stick, nor the deadness of Sarahs womb. He did not consider these things which might have been objections to keep him from believing. He might have started at these two objections; Alas, I am old; and that objections could he not answer; and my wife is past child-bearing; neither could he answer that objedion.

jection. What then did he with them? He flighted them both, and confidered them not. Secondly, I would fay this to you who thus flight it because of discouragements; If ye did know the worth of the great salvation which is in this Gospel redemption that is offered unto you, although ye had an army of objections to go through, ye would go through them all, Toget a drink of the water of this well of Betblehem.

V. The fifth fort of persons who slight his great salvation, are those who will not do so much as take care, and give pains to hear this great salvation offered unto them; for there are some persons who sift they come to the Church) desire to sit tarthest off, and so never take care to hear a word of this great salvation: and such are dreadful slighters of it. Like unto these mentioned, fer. 6. 10. To whom shall I speak and give warning, that they may hear? Behold their ear is uncircumcised, and they cannot hearken, Isa. 23. 12. But they would not hear, Jer. 7. 10. who say we are delivered to do all these abominations: Tet they did some and stand before him, in the house which was talled by his name.

VI. Sixthly, Those persons are slighters of this great salvation who (when they hear it) are no more (new not so much) affected with it, than if we were telling unto them the most senseless history of Thomas the Rymer, or some other old sable. Like unto these mandoned, Fer. 6. 10. The word of the Lord is unto them a reproach, they have no delight in it. I would pose you all, as in the sight of the Author of this great salvation (men or women) did you ever set your selves (or took ye ever pains) to bring ap your hearts to the love of this great salvation? Was it ever the rejoycing of your hearts that Christ dyed and rose again? I do certainly believe it (and

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ven against many of you, That in hearing ye shall hear, but not understand; and in seeing ye shall see, and shall not perceive: For God hath made your hearts harder than the Flint or Adamant; so that ye well result to return when he doth exhort you. Believe me (if I may so speak) I think there is as much probability that the stones in the wall would hear (if we would speak to him) as soon as many of you.

VII. Seventhly, Those persons are slighters of this great falyation, who did never complain that they wanted a right to this great falvation. I hope some of you are now convinced that ye never came within the compass of this great salvarion: I say yet unto you, if ye did never spend one hour in lecret weeping and lamenting, because ye had not arigh to this Gospel redemption, it is but too probable you never had yet a right to it. Yea, know it, that fuch of you would little care to let precious Christ depart without any grief of heart: I think if this were voiced within this house to day, whether or not shall Christ go and depart, I-doubt if there would be many heart-diffenters, though many tongue diffenters : Oh, I fear, there would be many hearts here, faying, O Chrift, depart and go thy way : Yed, there are many Gadarens here, who prefer their kine and swine to precious Christ, and would befeech him to go out of their coaffs.

VIII. Eighthly, Those persons slight the great salvation, who never took pains to engage their hearts to take hold of Christ and the Gospel. Christ is near to you this day: The great salvation is near to you, and is now, even now offered unto you, therefore are there any who will take pains to lay hold on it? I obtest you all who are here, by the beauty and excellency of him; who is the Author and of this great salvation, that ye come and partake of it; I

obtest

obtest you by all the loves of Heaven that ye embrace this great falvation; I obtest you by all the terrours in Hell that ye embrace it; Fobtest you by the promises of the everlasting covenant that ye embrace it; I obtest you by all the curses which are written in this book of the covenant that we embrace it. I obte you by the love you owe to your immortal fouls, that ye will once be wife, and come partake of this great falvacion. May I now have it, faift thou? Yea, I fay unto you all, ye may have it to day, ye may be partakers of it before ye go hence: And so before I proceed any further. I do in the name and authority of him who fent me here to day, and is the Author of this great salvation, freely offer it unto you to day. But I know there will be eight forts of humors (within this house today) in relation to this great salvation which now is offered unto you.

r. I think there will be some of Gallio's disposition here to day, that will care for none of these things: Yea, there are many here who will not give a sig for this rich offer of the great salvation. But, I say, Cursed be that person who putteth on Gallio's temper (to day) that will care for none of these things.

2. I fear there will be many of Pilates humour here (to day) who will fay, they find nothing against the man; yet will cry forth, Take him and crucifie him. They find no fault with Christ, and yet will be content that he be crucified. Now can ye say any thing against Christ, who is the Author of this great salvation? Produce your strong arguments; Are there any here who have any thing to say against him? I am here to answer in his name; I hope there is not one here who hath any thing to say against the Author of this great salvation: And why then do ye not take him? See unto your selves that there be none of Pilates humour here to day,

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that will cry out, Te find nothing in Christ why he should not be received, and yet will be content that he be crucified.

- 3. There will be many of the Jews humor here to day, who cry forth, Away with Christ, away with Christ, and give me Barabas. But oh, what a hellish word is that! Away with spotless Christ, away with transcendent Christ, and give us the world. Now are there any here who will be so gross slighters of this great salvation? Will ye slight this great salvation, and embrace your idols, which shall once prove a crown of thorns unto you?
- 4. There will be some of Felix humor sound here to day, that will say, O Christ go away at this time, and I will here thee at a more convenient season: But I say unto you who will not hear me to day, nor embrace this great salvation, I shall defie all the Ministers in Scotland to assure you, that ye shall get another offer, if ye send me away to day; There is not one that can or dare engage that the great salvation shall be in your ofter any more. Therefore, I say, let none of Felix temper be here to day, that will say, they will hear Christ at a more convenient season.
- s. There, will be some of Balaams temper to day, who will desire to dye the death of the righteous, and to have their last end like his; yet they desire not to live the life of the righteous: But I say unto you, ye shall never dye the death of the righteous, if ye live not the life of the righteous.

- 6. There will be some of you here to day, who (I hope) at least will be of Agrippas humor, that will say, Thou hast almost persuaded me to be a Christian: I say unto thee, O wilt thou quickly out with that word almost, and put in that word altogether, and say, O precious Christ, Thou hast altogether persuaded me to be a Christian: However, if thou come no greater length, I intreat thee come this length, that so thou mayst cry out, I am almost persuaded to embrace Christ the great salvation, and may be ere long ye will come surther.
- 7. There will be some of Judas temper here to day, who will betray Christ for thirty pieces of silver. Yea, some would sell Christ, Heaven, their Idols and all, for less then thirty pieces of silver.
- 8. I think there will be many of Esaus profane temper here to day, who will sell their birth-right for a mess of pottage. Now will ye enquire at your selves, Am I the person that will give my birth-right for a mess of pottage? doth my heart say, I will sell my birth right, because I am hungered and ready to dye, what will it profit me? give me a mess of pottage, and I will quit my birth-right. I know it, there are not a few such here to day: Therefore I intreat you enquire at your selves what is your humor. Oh shall the great salvation that ye have slighted so long, be slighted this day also, and shall there be none to embrace it? Oh enquire and stand in awe, lest the wrath of the most high pursue you.

Now I shall give you these seven considerations, which may provoke you not to slight, but embrace this great salvation.

I. The

- I. The first consideration, That the not embracing this great salvation is one of the greatest acts of solly that can be, Jer. 8. 9. They have rejested the word of the Lord, (and immediately it is subjoyed) And what wisdom is in them? And so Solomon doth assure you they cannot be wise who neglect this great salvation, Prov. 1. 7. Fools despise wisdom and instruction: Therefore may not I say unto you, be who ye will, (though ye were the greatest heads of wit in all this place) ye are but stark fools as long as ye neglect this: But would you be wise indeed, and wise unto eternal life? Then I intreat you come and embrace this great salvation.
- 2. The second consideration to provoke you not to slight the great salvation, is this, that the ruine and destruction of the slighters of it, is most certain and infallable, fer. 11. 11. Where speaking of slighting the covenant, which is indeed this same great salvation) there is a Therefore put to the threatning. Therefore thus saith the Lord, I will bring evil upon them which they shall not be able to escape. I desie you all, who are the slighters of this great salvation, to find a back door, when Justice shall pursue you: for there is no door to escape if ye embrace not this great salvation: But the earth will disclose your iniquity, and heaven will declare your sin.

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3. Thirdly, Let this confideration provoke you not to flight this great salvation, that Christ is exceeding serious, and earnest that ye should embrace it: And I think that Isa. 28. 23. speaketh out his exceeding seriousness, where sour times he beggethos his hearers, that they would give ear and hear C 2

his voice, saying, Give ear and hear my voice, hearken and hear my speech. What needeth all these exhortations? but that Christ is most serious that they would embrace the great falvation. And O, that there were a person here to day, as serious to the bargain as Christ is! But be who ye will that flight this great falvation, [believe me] the day is coming wherein ye shall cry out, Alas for my slighting of it ! Wilt thou therefore think presently with thy self (O thou flighter of this great lalvation) what wilt thou say of thy slighting it? When the Devil shall be leading thee in thorow those dark gares of hell! O flighter of the Gospel, how many alasses wilt thou cry, when thou halt be passing thorow these dark gates into thy everlafting prison? Wilt thou not then cry out, O me (a flighter of the everlafting falvation ) whether am I now going? Alas now for my flighting the Gaspel! And as thou passest thorow, thou shalt meet with numbers of miterable comforters; there is not one in that prison, who can comfort thee; but many dreadful a lasses shalt thou then both cry and hear, if thou embrace not this great falvation.

- 4. Fourthly, Let this provoke you not to flight the great falvation, that ye will get it for a very look: O ye within this house to day, ye will get this great salvation for one look, Isa. 45. 22. Look unto me and be saved, all the ends of the earth; for a very look ye will get this great salvation, and do ye ever think to get Heaven at a lower rate?
- 5. The fifth confideration to provoke you not to flight this great falvation any more, is this, There is not one of you who is a flighter of it, but your flighting

flighting it shall increase your immortal bonds. Man or Woman, be who thou wilt, when thou art slighting this great salvation, thou art but plating a cord wherewith to bind thy soul eternally in these unquenchable stames, Isa. 28. 22. Be ye not mockers, less your bonds be made strong. I say therefore unto you, old men, mock not, less your bonds be made strong: Old Women, near unto your graves, mock not, less your bonds be made strong: Young men, be ye not mockers, less your bonds be made strong: Young Women, who are in the slower of your time, mock not, less your bonds be made strong: but now alas, will there for all this be a person here to day who will be a moker of this great salvation?

- 6. The fixth confideration to provoke you not to slight this great salvation any more, is this: Ye know not but that your days may be near unto a close, I say, you know not but the day of the preaching of this great salvation may be near unto a close. What knowest thou O man or Woman, but this shall be the last Sermon that ever thou shalt hear concerning this great salvation? and yet for all this, shall we be sent away without one consent to embrace or receive it? O will ye be perswaded to look to Christ, and so to take him?
- 7. The seventh consideration to provoke you not to slight the great salvation, is this, that there is a five fold salvation comprehended under this great salvation.
- great talvation, and thou shalt have salvation from thy idols. And hereby I do proclaim liberty this

day, unto captives. I.am fent forth this day with the Keyes of your Prison-house, to open your prison doors unto you, if ye will embrace this great salvation. Play unto you, O ye prisoners, come forth and show your selves; for the Keyes of your prison-house are with us to open your prison doors unto you; therefore O come forth and embrace this great salvation. Will there be any (shall I think) here that will refuse to come forth? O go forth and stye from the land of your captivity, and from the house of your bondage.

- 2. Thou shalt have salvation from thy darkness and from thy ignorance. I say unto you who understand no more of God then the stones in the wall, I command you to come forth, and partake yet of this great salvation, and unto you shall light arise; even the day spring from on high and visit you.
- 3. If ye will come and partake of this great falvation, ye shall have deliverance from all your sears. Dost thou sear that thou shalt be poor? Come and partake of this great salvation, and thou shalt be delivered from it. Art thou assaid of hell? Come and partake of this great salvation, and thou shalt be delivered from that sear. Art thou assaid at the wrath of God? Then come (I say) and partake of this great salvation, and thou shalt have redemption from that and all thy sears; With him is plenteous redemption, and he can make thee quiet from the sear of evil.
- 4. If thou wilt come and partake of this falvation, thou shalt have deliverance from all thy anxieties, and from all thy cares: Ye are now careful and

and anxious about many things; come and partake of this great falvation, and it will make you careful but onely for the one thing necessary.

5. If ye will come and embrace the great salvation offered unto you this day, ye shall be helped before ye go hence to sing that song, O death where is thy stilling, O grave where is thy victory! Now O will ye come and embrace this great salvation, and ye shall be more then conquerors thorow Christ who loveth you. Are there therefore any here to day that would have victory over the Devil, and over their own heart? Then come and embrace this great salvation, and then your victory is certain.

But now to press home this great salvation upon you a little further; There are nine forts of Persons who are invited to come and partake of this great salvation offered this day: And I charge you answer to your names when ye are called, and delay not to come.

- r. First, I invite and call here to day, all who are willing to come and embrace this great salvation. Now are there any of you here to day, who are called willing? Then I invite you to come and embrace this great salvation, Rev. 22.17. Whosever will, let him come: But Oh, are there none here to day who are named willing? I intreat you if there be any, do not deny your name, but come when ye are called and embrace this great salvation.
- 2. Secondly, Those persons who thirst for it, are invited to come, and partake of this great salvation, Rev. 22. 17. Let him that is athirst come. Now if

there be any here who are named thirsty, let them come and partake of this great salvation, and they shall be satisfied.

- 3. Thirdly, are there any moneyles folk here to day? Let them come and partake of this great salvation. Are there no monyles folk here to day? I mean not that money or coin in your purses; but want ye money? That is, Want ye righteousness? Then I pray you come and partake of this great salvation. I say, are ye so poor that ye have nothing but the sear of hell? then I pray you come. If there be any here who have nothing to commend them to Christ, but necessary: I say unto all such, O come, come, come, and partake of this great salvation.
- 4. Fourthly, Those persons are invited to come (and I wish there were many such) who are meary; but oh! Are there none here to day who are called meary? Are you not weary in pursuit of your sins? If there be any such here to day, I say unto you, O meary folk, Come, come, come, and partake of this great salvation, and of this excellent Gospel-redemption that was purchased at so dear a rate.
- 5. Fifthly, Those who are heavy-loaden are invited to come, (and I think all of you may answer to this name) are you heavy-loaden? O then come! But are there none here who are heavy-loaden with sia, with misery, and estrangement from God? If there be any such here, I say unto thee, old man or young man, be who thou wilt, O come and partake of this great salvation.

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6. Sixthly, Are there any here to day who are called blind? I fay, if there be any of you who think you want eyes to see the precious excellencies of Christ, I invite you to come and partake of this great salvation.

7. Seventhly, Are there any who are called lame here to day? I say unto such, O come, come, come, and partake of this great salvation; for we are sent forth to day to call in the blind and the maimed, and the same, that they may come and embrace this great salvation; therefore are there none here to day who may be called such? Are you neither blinde nor same? I hope many of you will not deny that you are such; therefore I say unto you, O blind, halt and maimed, Come, come, and partake of this great salvation.

8. The eight fort of persons invited, are those who are sick; therefore if there be any sick solk here to day, be who you will, I say unto you, o come and partake of this great salvation; for the whole need not the Physician, but the sick.

9. Ninthly, Are there any there to day who know not their name, or their condition? I say unto you, O nameless folk, Come and partake of this great salvation; Come to Christ for the knowledge of your souls condition; Come as a nameless one, and he shall not reject thee, though thy case were so evil that thou couldst not give it a name; for of all that come unto him he sendeth none away.

Now where do you find your name and firname? O do you not know it? I hope now you may may know; therefore I entreat you answer to it, and so come away and partake of this great salvation.

But I am afraid there be many firong iron bars in the way of some of you, which you cannot win over. Ah, how fast are some souls locked in Satans share! And therefore I shall speak a little for discovering of those bars that hinder from embracing this great salvation, that so you may be the better helped to remove them.

- I. The first great iron bar which keepeth folk rom embracing this great salvaiion, is the bar of ignorance; and I am afraid that this (as a mighty bar) hindereth many of you: You are ignorant of your selves, and of the condition of your souls; you are ignorant of the Law, and of its severity and you are ignorant of the precious Gospel in its condescendency. O pray unto God that for Christs sake he would break that great bar of ignorance; for till that be done, Christ may take up that complaint, Ferem. 5. 4. Surely they are souls, they know not the way of the Lord, nor the indement of their God. I say this bar of ignorance keepeth you from embracing this great salvation.
- II. The second bar which keepeth many from closing with Christ, is, the bar of presumption; for some will cry out, What need have I to embrace the great salvation? Have I it not already? But I say unto thee, O sool, thou are (by all appearance) yet in bondage. O that this evill bar of presumption were put away; for it is one of the greatest impediments which lieth in the way of your

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your embracing this great salvation that is in your offer to day: Therefore I say unto you, if you will come no further. I intreat you come this length, to confess that you want this Gospel-salvation, and that you are indeed strangers to this Redemption purchased by Christ.

III. The third bar that keepeth persons from embracing this great salvation, is the bar of unbelief; you believe not what we say to you about this great salvation; I know that some of you are of the Stoicks and Epicures humor, who cry out, What meaneth this man? he seemeth to be the setter forth of some strange God. But I say unto you, I am not the setter forth of any strange God, but it is Jesus of Nazareth whom I preach unto you. Alas, some of you think this great salvation to be some morning dream, or some golden sancy: But I say unto you it is neither a dream nor fancy; but a real truth that we preach unto you.

IV. The fourth bar that keepeth persons from embracing this great salvation, is the bar of discouragement; this strong bar keepeth many so sast, that they cannot embrace this great salvation, though it be freely offered unto them. I shall say no more to you who are such, but counsel you to do as those four Lepers did, I Kings 7. 4. who sate at the gate of Samaria; who said, Why sit we here till we dye? if we say, We will enter into the City, then the samine is in the City, and we shall dye there; and if we set still here, we dye also. Now therefore come, and let us fall into the Host of the Syrians; if they save us alive we shall live, and if they kill us we shall but dye. Even so say I unto you, that if you abide in the

state of unbelief, you shall surely be undone; therefore go sorth; for you know not but God may work a great salvation for you; and if you will quit your unbelief, and close with Christ in the offer of this great salvation (by faith) you shall have no more to do but eat and drink, and divide the spoil.

V. The fifth bar which with-holdeth persons from embracing of this great salvation, is the bar of mamillingness; Te will not come to me that ye may have life. And alas, this is an iron bar indeed, by which all that are in hell have barred themselves out of heaven. Alas, shall you be such wretches also? O what a dreadful sound is that? Woe unto thee O Jerusalem; Wilt thou not be made clean? when shall it once be? Ah, Turn you, turn you, why will you dye? Why will you sligh this great salvation? O will none of you this day embrace it?

VI. The fixth bar that with-holdeth persons from embracing this great salvation, is the bar of worldlymindedness: Many of you are so fixed to the World, that you cannot come and close with this great salvation. I may allude to that word spoken of Saul, I Sam. 10. 22. that he hid himself among the stuff; for many have buried and nested themselves in the midst of the world, that they cannot embrace this great salvation.

VII. The feventh bar which keepeth many from embracing this great falvation, is the bar of hardheart-edness; there hath such a stupidity and hardness of heart seized upon many, that let Christ preach as he will to them (by his Word, or by other dispensations)

arions) they are no more moved, than if his Word and dispensations were a thousand miles from them. O that strong bar of hardness of heart, when shall the Omnipotent hand of God break it?

VIII. The eight bar that hindereth many from embracing this great falvation, is the bar of floathfulnels: Many of you cannot be at the pairs to embrace it; but I say unto you, there is but small pains in the way of godliness: I say unto you, it may so easily be had, that it is in your offer to day; and if you will, you may put forth your hand and take it. Consider therefore what you will do. O will fyou despise it? I say, will you still neglect and depise it? will you but read that dreadful word? Ads 13. 40, 41. Behold ye dispifers, and wender, and perish: Tell me freely, Would you have us to return this answer to him who sent us, that you are despifers of the great falvation? Say to it, are there none of you who (for all this) will confent to partake of this great falvation? O captives and prisoners, and you who are in the bonds of Satan, Will you come and partake of this great falvation, and you shall be made free? I have an act of release for you to day; if you will come and make use of it, you shall be set at liberty. But, oh shall the prison doors be cast open, and yet none come forth? But that I may come to a close, I say yet unto you, O poor Prisoners; go forth, go forth, and partake of this great falvation. Oh will you not come foth a W hat holdeth you in? the foundation of your prifon-house is shaken to day; therefore if you will but come forth, and cast a look to Christ, your very shackels shall fail off your hands, and you shall be as those who were never bound. Now I leave this with

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with you, and to make you think upon it, I shall speak these five words to you, and I intreat you think upon them.

r. First, I have excellent tydings to tell you; (Thope some of you will give ear to them) viz. there is a great person come here to day, and that is the Mighty Author of this great falvation, who hath brought everlasting righteousness with him, defiring you to make use thereof; it is his defire that you would take his excellent gifts at his hand. These I say are the tydings that I have to preach unto you; and I hope never to be declared a lyar. for what I preach unto you: I fay yet unto you. that Christ the Author of the great salvation desireth to give it freely unto you, if you will but take But O will you not take it? I think if you did fee an hundred men lying in prison or dungeon without all light, bread or water, and a great Prince coming to them, faying, I defire you all to come forth, and partake of this great liberty which I bring unto you; and every one of them should answer, I scorne to come forth at this time; would you not think them exceeding great fools? And yet I fear this aft of great folly falls out in many of your handstoday; that when Christ hath given us the keys of your prison doors, and they are opened, you will not come forth: But I must intreat you yet to come forth and shew your selves. For who knoweth but we may be commanded to shut your prison-doors again, and to seal them with seven feals, with an unalterable decree from heaven, never to be recalled! Wherefore O ye priloners, Go forth, go forth fromyour prison house.

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2. Secondly; I would say this to you, that it is not without much ground that this falvation (offered to you) is called a great falvation. I know a little paper of two or three sheets might contain all the salvations that ever any man obtained; but the world would not be able to contain all the books which might be written to the commendation of this great falvation; yea, (unto any who will embrace it ) I say; First, if thou find not this salvation above thy faith, then go thy way when thou are come: But I know thou wilt finde it both above thy faith and hope. Secondly, if thou find it not above thy defires when thou art come unto it, then go thy way again; but were thy defires as the fand upon the Sea shoar, thou shalt always find more in this falverion than ever thou couldst defire, Thirdly, if this falvation be not above what thou canst conceive, then go thy way when thou are come to it; but think of it as thou canst, it shall always be above thy thoughts of it. Fourthly, if this salvation be not above thy opinion of it, then go thy way when thou art come unto it; but I know thou wilt find it far above thy opinion of it. Therefore seeing it is so great a salvation, as that all the world could not contain all the books that might be written in the commendation of it; O will you embrace it, even to day, while it is in your offer?

3. Thirdly, I would say this unto you, Be per-swaded that there is no sin that will more provoke the Majesty of God to punish you, than the sin of slighting this great salvation. Bring forth these marderers, saith the Lord, (of the slighters of this salvitation) and slay them before me. I entreat you inquire

inquire at your own hearts what you will answer when you are reproved for flighting of it. Old men, will you ask at your own hearts what you will answer to Christ when he shall propose that question to you, Why slighted you the great salvation? Old women, what will you answer when he shall say to you, Why slighted you the great salvation? Young Men and young women, inquire at your own hearts, what you will answer, when Christ shall say to you, why slighted yearthe great salvation? Can ye imagine any answer to that question? O dreadful shall that wrath of God be, that shall be executed upon the slighters of this great salvation!

- 4. Fourthly, I would say this unto you, that Heaven is waiting to hear what exhortation the offer of this great salvation doth get among you. Here is the great salvation, here is the offer of it, and here is the commendation of it; what say you to it? Is it not an excellent salvation? is it not a free salvation? is it not an eternal salvation? Why then do ye not welcome it? Can any of you say any thing to the discommendation of it? I know you cannot; Yea, I dare say, your own hearts are admiring it as most excellent; and therefore, O will ye accept it? Alas, shall there be none here who will be found accepters of this great salvation, so freely offered to day!
- s. Fishly, I would say this to you, let all the Angels praise him who is the author of this great salvation. All the Saints round about the throne praise him who is the author of this great salvation. All those who are expectants of heaven, praise him

him who is the author of this great falvation. All ye to whom this offer is made, praise him who is the author of this great salvation. O heaven praise him who is the author of this great falvation, O all ye fowls of the air, praise him who is the author of this great falvation. O fire, hail, fnow, vapours, stormy winds, and tempests, praise him who is the author of this great salvation. tribes of the earth, praise him who is the author of this great falvation; our own foul praise him who is the author of this great falvation, and all that is within us, bless him, who is the author of this great alvation. O who would not praise him, who is the author of this great falvation? Are there any here that will refuse to commend him? O think upon him, and let not this be a day of flighting him. Now where are your hearts at this time? I will tell you where many of your hearts are; they are thinking upon the World: But I am fure there are not many of them thinkingupon this great salvation. Now what resolution mind ye to go away with to day? Oh, have ye no resolution beyond what ye had when ye came hither to day; Are there any here who have this resolution, To whom shall we go, but to him who is the author of this great salvation, who alone hath the Words of eternal life? Even the Lord breath it upon you. Or is this your resolution, that through Christs strength (forfake him who will) ye will never for lake him? Or have ye this resolution? That ye will esteem more highly of this great salvation then ever ye did? O that the Lord would keep these in the in the imaginations of the thoughts of your hearts for eger. But as for you who have no resolutions to embrace this great falvation, O wherewith shall I commend it unto you? Do not your own necessities

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ties commend it? But if nothing can perswade you to come away and embrace it, then this place shall be an heap of witnesses against you? for it hath heard all the words of the law which he hath

spoken unto you, John 24.

Oh cast your eyes upon these pillars of the house and stones in the walls. I take them as so many witnesses, that they may speak and testifie against you in the great day of the Lord, if ye neglect this great salvation to day. Therefore as ye go away, be thinking upon it, and whether or not ye mind to embrace it now while ye may have it; This day I have fet life and death before you: I have fer before you both the great falvation and the great damnation; And O that ye had understanding in all these things, that ye being wise might be provoked at last to embrace this great salvation, the which we do yet again entreat you to think upon. Is not heaven looking upon you at this time, to see what ye will do with this great offer of salvation, which I have this day from the Lord presented unto you? Now to him that can perswade you to embrace this great falvation, this gospel redemption, this blessed mystery, into which the Angels defire to pray, to him who can bring you back from the pit, and can enlighten you with the light of the living: To him, who hath the keys of your prison, Who can open, and none can shut, and can shut, and none can open: To him, Who bath all power in Heaven and in Earth communicate, to him who can deliver you from the power of the Grave, and can fet you free from all your enemies, we defire to give praise, Amen.

## SERMON II.

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Heb. 2. 3. How shall me escape if me neglest so, great salvation, which at the sirst began to be spoken by the Lord, and was consirmed unto us by them that heard him?

Here are two great and most ordinary complaints in these dayes. 1. There are many who complain, that their estates and persons are in bondage, and that they are fold for Slaves to the hands of Arangers: But O that we could also turn over the complaint to this, that our fouls are in bondange, and that we are yet in the gall of bitterness, and in the bond of iniquity, that so we might be provoked to long for the great falvation that is in our offer! 2. There are many complaining (and not without much cause) that there is now such a toleration of errours: But O wilt thou complain also of this, that within thy heart there is a toleration of lufts; is there not an act of toleration concluded in thy breaft, that the devil and all his company may reign in thee at pleasure. Oh have ye not need of great salvation? Shall I tell you, that Christ is courting you to embrace it, and that he putteth on all his most glorious

glorious robes, and manifesteth himself unto you, a a suitor making offer of himself and of his great salvation! O tell me, have ye seen him? Or do you think to see him this day? What robes hath he on? There are five glorious robes wherewith he clothes himself when he condescendent to

manifest himself to his people.

First, He cometh to his own with the garments of salvation, according to that word, Zach. 9. verse 9. Keinyce, O daubter of Sion greatly, shout O daughter of Jerusalem; for behold thy King cometh unto thee, he is just and having salvation; Ay, your King is come here to day, and will ye not fall in love with him when he is cloathed with the garments of salvation? Can ye ever have a more conquering light of Christ than when he is cloathed with such an excellent robe, and offering you salvation? Secondly, He appeareth to his own sometimes in garments dyed in blood, according to that word, Isa, 63. verse 1. 2. Who is this that cometh up from Edom with dyed garments in blood, as one that treideth the Wine Fat! And now I say to you that will not look to Christ when he appears in the

Ifa. 63. verse 1. 2. Who is this that cometh up from Edom with dyed garments in blood, as one that tresideth the Wine Fat! And now I say to you that will not look to Christ when he appears in the garments of salvation, have ye a heart to resuse him that hath sought such a combat for you, who hath trode the wine press alone, and hath stained all his garments with the blood of thy enemies? or is there any here, who dare resuse his salvation, when they see how he treadeth his enemies in anger, and trampleth them in his sury, and thus sprinkleth their blood upon his garments? O tremble at this sight, and seek quarter from him in time, or he shall dye his garments with the blood of thy mortal soul.

Thirdly, Christ appeareth unto his own, being cloathed with these humble robes of condescendency,

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dency, when he came in the similitude of sinful flesh. O what a fight was that, to behold the Prince of Heaven cloathed with our nature? What a fight was that to behold him that was cloathed with light as with a garment; to be cloathed with our infirmities, yet he condescended to cloath himself thus, that we might have access unto him, and be partakers of his gifts: O can we refuse him, when love hath thus prefled him to put on the beggars weed, that he might fay to norms ye are my brethren, and my fifters!

Fourthly, Christ sometimes manifesteth himfelf being cloathed with the garments of beauty and ravishing majesty; such was the fight that the Spouse got of Christ, Song 2. verfe 3. As the Apple-tree among the Trees of the Wood, so is my beloved among the Sons; and Song 5. when the faw him white and ruddy, and the Standard-bearer of ten thousand; And such was that joyful fight of him, when his garment was as the light, and white as the Snow, which he had at the transfiguration, when these glorified ones did come [as it were Ambassadours from that higher house to make him a vifit.

And fifthly, Christ he sometimes appeareth to his own in robes of dreadful majesty, and terrible highness and loftiness, when the soul upon the first fight of him remains dead, and there remains no more life in them; such was the fight Daniel got, in his tenth Chapter, and fuch was the fight that John got of Christ, Revel. 1. verle 17. And I would ask of all that are here, what a fight have ye gotten of Christ to day? in which of all these robes have ye feen him? It is true, we are not to look for the extraordinary fights of him; but yet if eyer thou haft feen him in any of his wooing, D 3

robes, sure he hath appeared matchless; and how

then shall ye then refuse him?

But now to come to the words I was speaking unto you of; The first thing in the words to wit. That there are many who live under the offer of this great salvation that do slight it, and do not embrace it. And now I shall only add a few things surther unto you. I. Let me propose a few considerations to perswade you to embrace this great salvation: God forbid we go away before we embrace this gospel salvation: and therefore I charge you in his name, go not away before ye embrace it. And to press it home upon you, there are these eight or nine properties of this great salvation that is offered unto you this day.

And first, it is a free salvation; ye have no more a do but to put forth your hand and take it. O come and take it! Christ hath soughten for this salvation, and there is no more required of you but to come and reap the sruits of his victory; Who ever will let him come; there is nothing that should move you to stay away: O captives, bond-slaves to Satan, O prisoners of hope! will ye come and partake of the great salvation? What holds you from coming away and partaking of it? it is freely offered unto you: Ay, believe it, Christ requires no more of you, but that ye should come and take it out of his hand; if we consent to obey, the bargain is ended; ye shall eat the good of the land, 1sa. 1.

Secondly, This great falvation, is a compleat falvation that is offered unto you to day; this is clear, Luke 1, verse 71. That we might be saved from our enemies, and from the hands of all that hate us. There is not any enemy that is in thy way, but if thou wilt come and partake of the great

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falvation, thou mayest have victory over it; so compleat a salvation is it that is in your offer this day. O shall we pass away and not embrace it! O shall our cursed hearts undervalue this compleat salvation that is come to your door? Believe it, salvation is near unto you, if ye will take it.

Thirdly, It is a wonderful falvation; it is fuch a falvation as the Angels defire to pry into it, and it is such a salvation, that all the Prophets defired to pry into it : It is almost fix thousand years fince all the Angels in Heaven fell into a fea of wonder at this great falvation. It is almost fix thousand years fince Abel fell into a fea of wonder arthis great falvation? And what think you is his exercife this day? He is even wondering at this great salvation. Would you ask at all the Angels in Heaven, would they not all tay, O embrace the great falvation! Would ye ask at all the Saints that are above, would they not advise you to embrace the great salvarion? Should ye ask at Adam, would he not fay, O embrace this great falvation? Could ye ask at Abel, would he not fay, O embrace the great falvation? And would not all the Patriarchs fay unto you, O embrace the great falvation? And do not all that have tasted of the sweetness of ir, cry out unto you, Come and embrace the great faluation.

The fourth property of this salvation is, that it was bought at an exceeding dear rate, it is a dear salvation, Would you know the difference between Christs coming to this salvation, and your coming to it? it is this; Christ was forced to travel through all the Armies of the Justice of God. He was forced to drink of the cup of the wrath of God, before he could come to purechase this great salvation; and now what is required of

you to obtain this? we may fay no more, but put our your hands and take it. Will ye look to the price that was laid down for this falvation? there is not a wound in the body of Christ, but it saith, This is a dear salvation: There is not a reproach Christ met with, but it saith, O is not this a great falvation! there is not a necessity that he was put into, but it faith, is not this a great and dear salvation! O Sirs, will ye not come and take this great falvation, this dear falvation? What must I give for it, fay ye? I fay, ye must give nothing for it; come and take it without money and without price; It was dear to Christ, but it shall be cheap unto you. O, is it not cheap unto you! I affure, if you will come to the marker to buy the great falvation, there is none of you that needeth to fland for the price of it. O come and take it, and have it, and there shall be no more priceing.

Fifthly, It is an everlasting salvation, that ye shall enjoy the fruits of throughout eternity, as is clear Heb. 9. 13. He became the author of eternal redemption unto us; it is a salvation that the Devil can never be able to take out of your hand; if ye take it, ye shall never be robbed of it again. Ocome and partake of this great salvation, whereby the gates of hell shall never prevail against

you.

Sixthly, It is a noble and honourable Salvation; it is not to be taken out of one flavery to another, but it is to be taken out of prison that we may reign, Luke 1. 71, compared with vers. 74. it is, That we being saved may serve him without fear in holiness and righteousness all the days of our life. I say, Come, come, and partake of this great salvation, that your glory may be increased, and that

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Seventhly, It is a most advantagious salvation; What are the advantages of any salvation that are not to be sound in this? Is there not peace to be found in through this salvation? is there not liberty to be sound through this salvation? is there not eternal enjoyment of God to be sound through this salvation? Yea, all salvations are in this one salvation.

Laftly, It is a royal salvation, for it cometh to us from and through the Son of God: Christ is the author of it, and we conceive Christ may be said to be the author of this salvation, in these respects. 1. He is the meritorious cause that did procure it, it was the price of his blood that was laid down for to purchase this great salvation. 2. He is the fountain from whence it floweth, according to that word which we have cited, Heb. 5. 9. He became the author of eternal salvation. 2. He is the person that fitteth our Spirits for the partaking of it, and it is he that removeth mountains out of the way, that we may have fair access unto the great falvation. 4. It is he that must perswade our hearts to embrace and to take hold of it; He standeth without, and cryeth to the heart to embrace this great (alvation: and he standeth within. making the heart cry out, Content, I will embrace the great falvation. He is indeed the person that commendeth and doth point forth this great falvation unto us, he is the noble Minister of it; it began first to be preached by him.

Now is there any of you that have fallen in love with the great falvation, that ye may try your selves? I shall give you some evidences of the persons that are near unto this great salvation. 1. Is

thy estymation of the great salvation increased, be what it was in the morning when thou cameft hither? is thy estimation of the great golpel salvation a foot higher then it was in the morning? I fay unto thee, thou art not far from the great falvation, come away. 2. Is thy defire after the great falvation increased, be what it was in the morning? Hath thou stronger defires after the great salvation then before thou camest hither, that is an evidence thou are not free from it. 2. Is thy thoughts of thy necessity of the great salvation greater than they were? Thinkest thou that thou hast more need of the great salvation than ever thou thoughtest before? And is thy opinion and thoughts of faving thy felf, less than they were before thou cameft hither? Art thou forced to cry out. None but Christ can save me; I sav thou art not far from the great falvation; wilt thou come away! O that you would once feal this Conclusion with much heart-perswafton, I am undone without Christ, I am undone without Christ, who is the Author of this great falvation: Are there any of you that are sensible that you are in the setters of fin, and in the bonds of iniquity? Are you brought to the conviction of this, that you are yet in the gall of bitternes? I say if thou be brought to this length, to be sensible of thy bonds, and art crying our, O Redeemer basten and come away; I say, if thou be fensible, of thy bonds and imprisonment, and crying out, O then that wast anointed from eternity to proclaim liberty to the captives, and the opening of the prison to them that are bound; O hasten and come away and redeem me, even poor me; finking, finping, perishing, self degroying me; thou are not far from the great falvation. 4. Art thou a person who beginneth to weep because thou hast been so long

long a stranger to Christ, and the great salvation? Old men that are here, How long have you been strangers to the great salvation, and to the Author of it? Now will you shed one tear for your estrangement? and cry out, Woe is me that Christ and I have been so long a sunder? I say, if thou hast come that length, thou are not far from the great salvation; Come away: O pitty your selves, make haste, make haste, and come away.

But now in the third place, let me give you some evidences by which you may know more clearly whither or no you have embraced this great salvation, that you may know your selves, and that you walk not down to your grave with a

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The first evidence of a person that hath embraced the great falvation, is, that he will have an high efteem of the Saviour and Author of the great falvation: Haft thou a matchless esteem of marchless Christ the Saviour of the world? that is a speaking evidence unto thee, thou are a partaker of the great falvation : Art thou come to this length, that thou cryest out, None but Christ, none but Christ! It is a speaking evidence, that thou art come to be a partaker of the great falvarion, when thou canst cry out that word, Exod. 15. 2. The Lord is my strength and my fong, he alone is become my falvation : if Christ hath become thy falvation, then it is like he hath become thy fong. would ask this of you, Were you ever brought this length, that you durst not adventure to praise Christ alone, but was forced to call in all the creatures, and fay, O magnific the Lord with me; O that is an evidence that you have embraced his falvation.

Secondly, Those who have embraced the great falvation, will fludy to maintain and keep their grips of it; they would study to hold fast so precious a Jewel; this is prest, Gal. 5. 1. Stand fast in the liberty wherewith Christ hath made us free; vea, they will fludy to walk suitably to this noble mercy, at least, they will strive and endeavour to do it, as is also prest in that same verse. I say, if thou hast been made a partaker of the Gospel of falvation, thou wilt strive to keep thy self from the power of those things that once triumphed

over thee.

Thirdly, A person that is a partaker of the great falvacion, will have a high efteem of this mercy and salvation; so Paul when he speaketh of it here, he cannot but put some note of excel. lency to it, calling it the great falvation; Therefore I say, if thou hast embraced the great salvation, thou wilt have so high efteem of it, that not to be so subjected to it as thou shouldst, or to be in subjection to the power of thy lust in any measure, will be thy burden and affliction; the man will be forry when he is brought forth from the house of his bondage unto the red Sea; he will be forry, that when he should have songs of triumph over his Idols put in his mouth, that they should fing fongs of triumph over him.

Fourthly, A perion that hath embraced the great falvation, he will be longing fometimes for the day when this falvation shall be compleat, when he shall fing that song with that numerous multitude which cannot be numbered, Revel. 7. 9. O what a day shallit be, when thou shalt begin to fing that fong ! after this (faith he) I beheld, and lo a great multitude of all people which no man could number, of all people, nations and languages, flood heeat

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fore the Throne, and before the Lamb, cloathed with white robes, and palms in their hands, and they cryed; and how cryed they? They cryed with a loud voice. They would not mutter the fong, nor fign filently; but cryed with a loud voice : And what did they cry? they cryed with a loud voice, Salvation unto our God who fareth up the Throne, and to the Lamb. I would only ask of you that are partakers of the great falvation, what fongs shall be put into thy mouth when the waters of Fordan shall divide themselves, that the ransemed of the Lord must pass therow! when thou shalt fing that Song Pfal. 115. 1. Not unto us, not unto us, but unto thee belongs the glory of our salvation. O what a day. shall that be, when that excellent song shall be put into thy mouth! yea, what a day shall it be when thou shalt be cloathed with those excellent garments that are made mention of, Ifa.6- 10. for he hath cloathed thee with the garments of Salvation; and he hath covered thee with the robe of righteoufnels. O what robes are these? Did you ever fee fuch excellent robes as these must be? I think we will misken our selves; O do you not think we will misken our selves, when we shall put on those excellent robes! Now therefore is the bargain closed, or willye go away before ye take this great falvation? Dare ye go out at these doors and neglect the great falvation? I would ask this of you, think ye it will not be most sad, that Christ should tell this in Heaven of you to night, I was preached to a pack stones, that none of them would love me! Will ye not be feared that this feport shall be carryed back to Heaven of you! for what report can Christ carry back but this? Now is the cord of this great salvation let down unto you, is there none of you that will take a gripe of it! will ye flighter after it? will ye make this a rejoycing day

day in heaven, that is a fasting day unto you? and the way to make it fo, is, to embrace the great falvation. Now what fay ye to it, old men? let me focak to you, and alk your thoughts of the great faivation; Gray Hairs should be a crown of elory if it be found in the way of righteousness; old men, fpeak your minds, that young men may not have your bad example: What fay ye of this falvation? Is it not a most glorious salvacion? is it not a most excellent falvation that is in your offer? I intreat you speak your minds, tell Christ ye are content to take the great Islyation; otherwise, whoever he be that will not partake of this gospel salvation, I in the name and authority of Christ our Master, denounce eternal and irrevocable war against him; put on your harnes, ve shall not boast when ye put it off again; the wrath and fury of God shall come upon you to the uttermost if ye embrace not this great salvation: Other wars are but for a time; the greatest Captains that ever the earth did carry, are now laid down in the sides of the Pit, and their swords broken under their head. Armies of ten hundred thousand, a hundred years time have laid them all in their graves, and ended all their contests; but there is no discharge of this war that shall be concluded betwixt Christ and you: it shall become an eternal and most terrible war, which shall be but be ginning when time is ended. Now peace or war, which of them will ye choose? Dare ye fend a charge to Christ, and say ve will defie him? I am afraid there will be two things that many of us shall report to day. First, I am afraid there will be many that will give Pharaobs repor to the offer of the great salvation; and say, Who is the Lord, that Ishould obey him? I tell you who he is, He is glorious in boliness, fearful in praises, doing wonders. O emnd

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embrace him before he go hence, and give nor Pharaohs report, left ye be drowned in the Sea of his wrath, whence there shall be no recovery. Secondly, I fear there will be many here to day, that will give Demas report to this precious offer : I will go and forfake Chrift, and embrace this prefent world: O bad exchange! Curfed be he that shall make it! Will ye be of Demas humour. I fear there hath been many of that humour of a long time; but I entreat you once be wife before ye die. I confess that proverb, Old fools, are twice fools: I thinkold men that will not embrace the great falvation, I think ye are triple fools. What wait ye for? is there any thing can afford you any fatisfaction but this great falvation? Now are re convinced old men, that Christ is waiting for your answer, I intreat you before ye go hence, speak your minds what ye think of the great falvation: is it not a lovely falvation? is it not lovely now? What fay ye to it? I am to go away, and the offer is to betaken up at this time, and it is hard to fay, if ever ye shall have an offer again. I would only say this to you, and be fure of it; though I should never be a partaker of this great salvation, yet I shall be a witness against you that are not partakers of it. I tell and declare unto you, I strall be a winness against you, if ye embrace not the great salvation; Now old men, are ye perswaded to embrace it? let me obtest you by the beauty of Christ, come and partake of the great falvation, ye that are travelling upon the borders of eternity: Now if ye will give no more, give this, will ye go home and think upon it? I shall not be uncharitable, nor enter to judge your thoughts. I fear there shall be many declared and found guilty amonft us, that we have declared unto heaven we will not embrace the great

great falvation, but have troden the blood of the Son of Godunder foot. Now I entreat you every one of you. ask of your selves if ye be the persons that will pre-Sume in your hearts to do fo. Now I shall leave it with you, let it not be a witness against you: I shall leave it with this; O come away, old men, young men, old women, and maids; come and embrace this precious gospel salvation. Ye may say, ye bid us come; but we cannot come: I defire no more of you, but to come with this; Lord I am content to come, but I cannot come: Come once to that: for if once ye be content to receive it it will not be long before ye be able to receive it. Now shall Christ dapart, and will none of you fay ye are content to take him, will ye charge your own consciences with this san I content to take Chrit and the great falvation, Obleft, bleft be he that is the author of this great salvation, and bleft be he that gets any of the ends of the cord of the great fatvation, that we fink not under the wrath and fury of the Lord! Come and embrace this great falvation : and again I say.come and embrace it; for what can ye have if ye want it; and what can ye want if ye have it: I shall fay no more, but close with that word, Ifa.62.verf.21. Behold, the Lord bath proclaimed to the ends of the World, to those that are far off: What hath he proclaimed, Say ye to the Daughter of Sion, Behold thy faluation cometh, behold it cometh! I fay to you that are the ends of the World, Salvation is brought hear unto you, Stout-Hearted and far from Righteousness, the great salvation is brought near unto you, and will ye send it away! Oh consider what ye are doing. And to him that can perswade you to embrace the great falvation, we defire to give praise.

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